A Message of Ominous Import Received from Him by the State Department.

BOMBARDED IN BRITISH LEGATION.

Quick Relief Only Can Prevent a General Massacre"-Message Accepted as Authentic-Admiral Remey Ordered to "the and Urge Every Means Possible for Immediate

Washington, July 21.-Like a flash of sunlight out of the dark sky came the intelligence, at an early hour yesterday, that United States Minister Conger had sent a cipher cablegram from Pekin to the state department at Washington, making known that, two days ago, he was alive and that the foreigners were fighting for their safe-

News Given to the World. The Chinese minister, Wu Ting Fang, teceived the message. Within an hour the welcome intelligence that Mr. Cnoger had been heard from, after weeks of silence and evil report, was Cashed throughout the country, and,



EDWIN HURD CONGER Offinister of the United States at Peking. China.) indeed, throughout the world, dispelling the gloom which had prevailed everywhere, and bringing to officials and to the people generally a sense of profound relief.

In American Cipher Code. The dispatch was in reply to Secretary Hay's inquiry to Minister Conger on July 11, and as both messages were in the American cipher code they were regarded by the officials as above the suspicion of having been tampered with in the course of transmission

through Chinese channels. Mr. Wu promptly communciated the dispatch to the state department, where the translation was made from the cipher figures, and soon all Washington was astir with the intelligence.

President and Cabinet Notified. It was telegraphed by Secretary Hay to the president, who responded with a wholesome expression of gratifica- and it is due to the official machinery tion, and word of it was sent to the various cabinet officers. They gathered in Secretary Hay's office and an impromptu cabinet conference was held in the diplomatic chamber mainly for



Minister of the Chinese Empire to the

the purpose of exchanging congratuia- sage sent by the state department tions and of taking a survey of the July 11 to Minister Conger. situation to see if it had been materially changed by this important develop-

First of all, from the standpoint of the administration officials, the most welcome feature of the message was But with this cheering news came the Graver Feature of the Message.

After the first flush of thankfulness

"There are the poor creatures, penned up under fire of shot and shell, and appealing to us for help." No Change of Policy.

The consultation brought about no of the foreign legations at Pekin. pronounced change of policy, for it was felt that already every energy had been bent toward meeting the situaso stated, that the message was an evi- Washington. dence of friendliness and good faith of the pro-foreign element of the Chinese, nd that wisdom dictated a course which would continue to utilize this

The government accepted the message as authentic, and Mr. Hay trans- patch was handed him the instant he mitted it to all our ambassadors and left the train. Scanning the bulletin, ministers abroad, with instructions to he gave evidences of pleasure at the lay it before the respective govern- news. Later, when the state departments to which they are accredited, ment statement first reached him, and to urge upon them the necessity adding strength to the genuinesses of for co-operation for the immediate re- the news, he was more visibly gratilief of the foreigners at Pekin.

Instructions to Admiral Remey. A message was also sent by Secretary Long to Admiral Remey conveying the intelligence of the desperate situation in Pekin, and instructing news which followed the first bulletin, him to "use and urge every possible he started for a drive with Mrs. Mc-

'ndeavor for relief." This message, Secretary Long explained, meant for Admiral Remey to himself "use" and to "urge" upon the commanding officers of the other powers the use of every endeavor for the to Admiral Remey: relief of Pekin. Secretary Root sent ashore at Tien Tain.

Could Not Act Single Handen.

This action was the result of the conference of Secretaries Hay, Long and Root. It was realized that the land and naval forces of the United States now in China colud not, singlehanded, push on to Pekin, and the other powers, accordingly, were appealed to, on the basis of Minister Conger's message to co-operate for relief.

Secretary Hay's Reasons. Secretary Hay explained his reasons for placing reliance in the authenticity of Minister Conger's dispatch, saying that it was a complete reply in code to the code message sent to him and that its authenticity was vouched for by the tsung-li-yamen.

"Of course," said Secretary Hay, smiling, "I am not omniscient, and may be fooled; but I can not see how the authenticity of iMnister Conger's cable can be questioned."

Faith in the Chinese Government. Secretary Hay said he attached no significance to the use of the words 'Chinese troops" in the message. They did not, in his opinion mean that the Chinese government troops were beseiging the foreigners. He seemed to entertain little doubt that the Chinese power to suppress the Boxer insur- was adopted:

Welcome Intelligence.

In this connection the message from Consul Fowler that Gen. Yuan Shih Kai, governor of Shan Tung province, reported that the Chinese authorities were doing all in their power to put down the insurrection, is exceedingly welcome intelligence. It not only confirms the theory of the state department that the position of the Chinese government is correct, but is assumed to indicate that Yuan Shih Kai has thrown the weight of his infleunce on the side of the government. Yuan is considered one of the ablest, if not the ablest general in China. He has, according to a statement made by Lord Charles Beresford, to a prominent state department official when he was here, the best-drilled and equipped army in China under his command. Some doubt was entertained as to which side he would ally himself with in the present insurrection, and the fact that he appears to have come on the side of the government is accepted as evidence that his best judgment is that Prince Tuan's rebellion is destined to fail.

Remained the Absorbing Topic, Throughout the day the Conger message remained the absorbing topic of discussion. Secretary Hay was congratulated on the success of the steps he had adopted to open up communication between Pekin and Washington, for while the chancellories of the whole world stood hesitating and inactive he had adopted a course which had brought a message from our min-

Minister Wu's Actions Commended. The Chinese minister, Mr. Wu, shared also in the universal approbation of what had been done. He seconded Mr. Hay's effort in the outset, set in motion by him that communica-

tions were gotten through. Too Good to be True. It is appreciated by the officials both American and Chinese, that there will be suspicion in some quarters. Against this, it is said, a message, authenticated by the American cipher code and backed by the integrity of the officials through whom it has passed must be accepted as authentic until something better than mere suspicion is brought

Another Good Evidence. The fact that Minister Conger mentioned the bombardment of the British legation was considered good evidence that the dispatch was written subseformation here is that the bombardment of the legations did not begin prior to that date. It was said at the state department that it was not thought expedient to give out either the text or a paraphrase of the mes-

SKEPTICAL AT LONDON.

Too Much Similarity to Sir Robert

Hart's Dispatch of June 24. London, July 21.-Minister Conger's message to the state department at its assurances that the American min- Washington is not regarded here as ister himself was alive two days ago. justifying overmuch optimism, but on the contrary is generally accepted as a ominous statement of Minister Conger | further Chinese attempt at mystificathat the beseiged foreigners were in tion. Some think the fact that the the British legation under continued message is undated, and the similarity shot and shell from Chinese troops and of its contents to Sir Robert Hart's that only quick relief could avert a message of June 24, suggest that it name of Gov. J. C. W. Beckham. A was sent off about the same time, but | wild demonstration of enthusiasm folwas intercepted by the Chinese. The skertical are confirmed in their susthis graver feature of the message picions by the fact that a message was began to impress itself upon the cabi- received by M. Delcasse, the French net officials most deeply. As one of minister of foreign affairs, through the Chinese minister at Paris, purporting to come from the emperor, asking France's mediation with the powers, and which, it is alleged, was dated July 19, and makes no mention

The Chinese legation at London has been notified by Sheng, Chinese administrator of telegraphs at Shantion and that there was absolutely Tung, that the governor of Shannothing more that could be done. Af- Tung has received a message from ter all, the cabinet officials felt, and Minister Conger for transmission to

THE PRESIDENT NOTIFIED.

Arrival at Canton.

Canton, O., July 21.—The president's first news of Minister Conger's disfied. Those near the president have known for days past that he has never given up hope that Minister Conger was alive.

After the president had read all the Kinley over the country roads.

Cablegram to Admiral Remey. Washington, July 21.—Secretary Long has sent the following cablegram

"Conger telegraphs that he is under to five stations in China formal per- to Mme. Draga Maschin, a widow, who a similar notification to Col. Coolidge, fire in British legation, Pekin. Use mission to missionaries to leave the was formerly a lady in waiting to the senior American army officer and urge every means possible for im- country at once if they deem it wise. Queen Natalie, the king's mother. mediate relief."

The Kentucky Democratic State Convention Didn't "Go Home Till Morning."

J. W. C. BECKHAM MADE THE NOMINEE.

The Resolutions Declare that Until

eratic state convention adjourned here admirals at Taku.

assassinated last February.

The Resolutions.

We, the democrats of Kentucky in conwe, the democrats of Kentucky in convention assembled do make the following declaration of principles:

First—We heartily indorse the magnificant platform adopted by the National democratic convention, at Kansas City, July 4, 1900, and also the splendid ticket special to the Press says: July 4, 1990 and also the splendid ticket named by said convention, and pledge the democracy of Kentucky to an carnest, cordial and active support of said ticket.

Second—The entire history of the democratic party has demonstrated that it has always been the champion and defender of the rights of the great common people; that it has ever insisted that the will of the majority shall control and that the minority must cheerfully and willingly acquiesce therein. It has always advocated, and still does, that all elections shall be fairly conducted, and the result bonestly ascertained. We recommend that the election law of 1898, (known as the Goebel law) which was enacted to prevent the repetition of well-known republican frauds in certain districts of this hean frauds in certain districts of this state, and which was a marked improvement upon the then existing law, but of the imperial government and tell which has not proved sufficient for that the world the truth recombined to purpose, be amended to secure this end so theroughly that the most hypercritical can find no excuse for charging fraud or anfairness to our party in the conduct of

that the republican party shall have representation on both the state and all county boards of election commissioners. We declare to the world that the moband the assassin shall not be the arbitrators of the rights of the citizens of Kentucky, nor shall the penalty of an appeal to the law and the regular constituted authorities be death at the hands of assassins. Law and order must and shall brevail in Kentucky.

Third—We present to the people of Kentucky the picture of an army of insimidation, unlawfully quartered in the vublic buildings of the state; a state senator, in the discharge of his duty to the state streken down by an assussing senator, in the discharge of his day to the state, stricken down by an assassin's bullet, fired from ambush in the executive building, then occupied by his political adversary, who hoped to profit by his death; that adversary, arming, filling and surrounding the building with armed men, instructed to defy the civil authorities and prevent search for the assassins; that some political adversary and republican pretender, by force, dissolving the lega-lature in violation of the constitution, attempting by military power to force the legislature to meet in a vertiable slaughter pen for the democratic members; driving its members through the streets of Frankfort at the point of the bayonet, forcibly preventing the legislature from meeting in its lawful and proper place; keeping armed, riotous and disorderly men under the very window of the room where lay, dying the assassin's victim; criving the court of appeals from the capitol; aiding with the soldiery and spurious pardons those lawfully accused of capital crimes to flee from justice, and by military force defying the writ of habeas corpus; the same republican prebeas corpus; the same republican pre-tender fleeing from the state, after in-citment, and remaining a fugitive from cictment, and remaining a fugitive from justice, protected by an open violation of the constitution of the United States, after having declared to the people of the state "I am a citizen of this state and amenable to its laws. I am not a criminal, neither shall I ever be a fugitive from justice. Whenever indicted, I shall appear for trial," and we confidently declare our belief that a majority of the people in Kentucky favor the preservation of law and order, of both civil and personal liberty, and the maintenance of ocratic doctrine, which is the hope and spiration of every true democrat. Fourth-We denounce the action of Gov. Bradiey in using and personally com-manding the military force of the state to control the election and intimidate electors at the election of November, 1836,

violation of the constitution and laws the commonwealth. is and will remain a sacred heritage of the democrats of Kentucky. Sixth-We earnestly invite the support,

by voice and vote, of every sincere lover of civil and personal liberty to join with us in this campaign against the forces gathered under the banner of a government by assassination. The true manhood of Kentucky can not and will not indorse assassination as the means to obtain possession of office, and we appeal to every democrat and every good citi-zen of Kentucky to unite with the demo-cratic party and thus express his detesta-tion of the foul crime. We indorse the administration of Gov. J. C. W. Beckham most troublous, exciting and perilous days

Beckham Nominated

At 2:15 a. m. the order for nominations for governor was reached, and Congressman Wheeler presented the lowed. When order was restored, the other names of Judge James D. Black and Judge James P. Tarvin were presented. The names of McCreary, Lewis, Smith, Pryor and Garnett, who had been pressed hard as candidates, were not presented.

About 3 a. m., when the call of the Charles Metcalf withdrew the name of Judge Black, and moved that the nomination of Beckham be made by ac has been idle. The equipment emname, and seconded this motion. Gov. Beckham was nominated by acclama-

Preparing for Departure from Cuba. Havana, July 21 .- Under instructions from Gov.-Gen. Wood, the first United States infantry regiment, stationed at Pinar del Rio city and Guanajay, is preparing for departure within the next ten days. A troop of the Seventh a laborer, coming to town early yes-

Treasury Statement.

balances, \$151,895,687; gold, \$71,249.028. on the train.

New York, July 21.-R. G. Dun &

231 in the United States, against 145 declining to participate. last year."

May Leave Their Stations.

New York, July 21 .- The Presby. terian board of foreign missions cabled of Servia has proclaimed his betrothal

MINISTER WU GIVEN A TASK.

Crucial Test of the Good Falth of the Chinese Government Prescribed and Are sted.

Washington, July 23 .- There is reaon to believe that Secretary Hay has emissed Minister Wu that as a condiion precedent to mediation by this government to end the war in China, Minister Conger, as well as his staff must be delivered safely into the hands of Admiral Remey within a period limited to the time necessary for the journey from Pekin to the seaboard.

Moreover, it is understood that the the Goebel Election Law Can be secretary of state has informed Min-Amended, the Republican Party ster Wu that it will be impossible Shall Have Representation on ier this government to make any prog-State and County Election Boards. ress in negotiations with other powers until all foreigners in Pekin are simi-Lexington, Ky., July 21 .- The Dem- larly delivered into the custody of the

shortly before 4 a. m., after an all This demand is the supreme test of night session. The sole object of the China's good faith in appealing to convention was the nomination of a the United States to intercede with the candidate for governor to fill the un- lowers. Failure to deliver Mr. Conger, expired term of Wm. Goebel, who was his associates and all other foreigners new in Fekin will render abortive any It was 2 a. m. when Senator Black- efforts which may be made by this govburn presented the following report clament to restore peace, and unless government itself was doing all in its of the resolutions committee, which the American demand is complied with within the period specified, the powers will renouble their efforts to reach Peisin, and the policy of the United

special to the Press says: "Elinister Wu places such confidence in the genuineness of Mr. Conger's agreed to try another plan to demonthat the American minister is alive.

uation in Pekin. The state department | to anyone. has been so won over that it now has confidence in Minister Wu and his Until such amendments can be enacted by the general assembly, we declare that the republican party shall have rep-

FOREIGNERS ARE MURDERED.

Belief of One Who Knows the Chinese-Exaggerated Ideas of Chinese Fighting Strength.

Chicago, July 23.-John P. Roberts, of Shanghai, an American civil engineer who has spent 38 years in China. and who left Shanghai last May, passed through Chicago yesterday, on his way to New York, to visit his old bome.

Mr. Roberts, "I have little doubt but that all the foreigners in Pekin were by disclosing intended raids on the murdered long ago. The government is weak, and the mob undoubtedly got

"An army of 40,000 regular troops is all that is necessary to take Pekin," be continued. "The stories to the ef-950,000 men are ridiculous. There are not more than 20,000 drilled troops in Thina. The rest are poorly organized and poorly armed. If they had modern arms they would not know how to use them, and they do not constitute an eflective fighting force."

THE EIGHTH U. S. INFANTRY.

Starting for China-Delayed

New York, July 23.—Companies H and I of the Eighth United States infantry, moved off the transport Mc-Clelland yesterday morning, and started for Fort Snelling. Minn., over the New York Central railroad. The men will wait for the members of the regi-Fifth-The democratic party express ment who are coming north on another transport, and, after the recruiting of the organization to its full num-

ber, will be sent to China. The two companies number about 240 men and officers. The men have been in Cuba 18 months, but they history of the country. This remarklooked to be in fine condition. About two thousand five hundred persons the trust magnates neither fear the enwere at the dock to meet the soldiers | forcement of the present law nor the and the Young Men's Christian association provided coffee and other re- laws.

freshments for them. It was said that the other eight companies of the regiment, which are coming north on a transport, were delayed by a storm off Cape Hatteras. These men are expected to-day. They will at once follow their comrades to Fort Snelling.

RUSH ORDERS RECEIVED.

The Seventh United States Buttery to Proceed in Haste for China, Via Nagasaki.

States battery, at Fort Riley, to proceed with all haste to the orient, calling for orders at Nagasaki. Gen. Mer panacea for all economic ills. counties was almost completed, riam premulgated the order in Denver,

The battery was organized during the Spanish war, and since that time

Train Wreckers Foiled.

Three Lakes, Wis., July 23.-Sometime during Saturday night 18 ties were piled on the railroad tracks five Instead of shutting a monopoly out of miles south of this station, Alex. Swan, cavalry will be stationed at Guanajay. terday, removed the obstruction just state of its origin and take the other in time to prevent passenger tarin No. 2. due here at 4:25 a. m., from striking Washington, July 21 .- Yesterday's it. Swan also removed a number of statement of the treasury balances in large rocks from a bridge a short disthe general fund, exclusive of the \$150,- tance north, his action possibly saving 000,000 gold reserve in the division of the lives of 30 members of the Three redemption, showed: Available cash Lakes Rod and Gun club, who were

Managua, Nicaragua, July 23 .- The Co.'s Wee'dy Review, issued to-day, government of Nicaragua has ad- has not attempted and is not attemptdressed a communication to the direc-"Failures for last week have been tors of the Pan-American exhibition. last year, and 27 in Canada, against 23 A lottery concession has been grant-

ed to Alex. Bermudez, at Masava.

Will Marry His Mother's Maid. Belgrade, July 23.-King Alexander The Cause of Free Silver.

THE TRUST QUESTION. Closely Allied to the Monetary Prob- Effect of the Opening of China-Bilem-Monopolies the Result

of Falling Prices.

The trust question is more easily understood than the money question. The appreciation of money is slow, while the rise in the price of trust-made articles is sufficiently rapid to attract attention. When prices fall a little each year, the friends of a rising dollar talk about over-production, improved machinery, etc.; but when prices rise rapidly and the trusts declare large dividends, the connection between cause and effect is so direct and obvious that only those blinded by partisanship

The trust question was in the cam-

can fail to see it.

paign of 1896, and the menace of the trust was then pointed out, but the warning was unheeded. Now the heavy hand of monopoly is laid upon so many | is coined in England, in France and that there is a growing protest against | Germany. Our people produce the a system which permits a few men to control each branch of the industry, fix the rate of wages, the price of raw materials and the price of the finished product. Unitl four years ago no republican of prominence defended the trusts; now the republican leaders speak of the trusts in guarded terms. dispatch and such faith that the Chi- The Ohio platform recently adopted nese government is protecting the for- | demands that "so-called trusts shall be eign ministers in Pekin, that he has regulated from time to time and so re- alloyed money-shillings, francs and stricted as to guarantee immunity strate absolutely to this government from hurtful monopoly." The word "hurtful" is as broad as charity, and "It is nothing short of delivering enables the trust defender to shield M'arster Conger into the hands of Ad- every trust behind the plea that it is miral Remey at Taku, that he may in | not hurtful. A monopoly is not hurtful | this country would receive for his his own person speak for the integrity to those who operate it, and if they can product. England, France and Gercontrol the government they will be the world the truth regarding the sit- sure to decide that it is not hurtful

> The recent action of the barbed-wire question. It shows that a monopoly can raise prices when it desires to do so; and it also shows that monopoly will raise prices when it can. It shows how an artificial rise in price will lessen oly canshut down factories to work off the stock, throwing upon the laborer and 6,200 men thrown out of employit further shows how those in charge of | Denver Post. a great monopoly may in the future bring great wealth to political friends stock market and thus earn legislative How His Interests Are Affected by favors. The ordinary forms of bribery sink into insignificance when compared with this new and more dangerous method. That this is no idle fear is evident from the testimony taken by the senate committee which investigated official speculation in sugar stock. That monopolies contribute to campaign funds is also shown by the testimony taken by another senate committee. A few great monopolies could, without loss to themselves. make on the stock market enough to supply a campaign fund as enormous as that used by the republican party in

On the trust question, as on the money question, the line is drawn between those who believe that money is the only thing to be considered and those who believe the people have rights

which should be respected. The republican party cannot be relied upon to deal with the trust question. The sympathies of those who control the policies of the republican party are entirely with organized wealth in its contest against the masses. An evidence of this is to be found in the fact that the trusts have grown more rapidly under the current administration than in all the previous able growth shows that, at this time, enactment of new and more stringent

While the inspiring cause of monopoly is to be found in a selfish desire to enjoy the fruits of monopoly, several things have contributed to its growth and success. First, a constant fall in prices has led people who invested money in plants to seek in combination a protection against loss upon their investments. The republicans do not propose to take away this incentive to the organization of trusts. Second, railroad discriminations have sometimes given to a favored corporation an immense advantage over less fortu-Fort Riley, Kas., July 23.-Rush or- natecompetitors. The republican party ders have come for the Seventh United is not only not trying to reform the tariff in the interests of the people, but it boasts of the Dingley law as a

While state legislatures can do much congressional action is necessary to complete the destruction of the trusts. A state can prevent the creation of a clamation. Judge Tarvin withdrew his braces the heaviest caliber guns in the a monopoly within its borders and can nation. I rather fancy some of those service, with a full complement of also exclude a foreign monopoly. But smart chaps down here who howled morters, attended by 250 men and ten this remedy is not sufficient; for, if a about 50-cent dollars wish they could monopoly really exists and is prevent- get some of them now." ed from doing business in any state, the people of that state will be deprived of the use of that particular article until it can be produced within the state. one state and leaving it 44 states to do business in, we should shut it up in the 44 away from it. This can be done by an act of congress making it necessary for a corporation, organized in any state, to take out a license from the federal government before doing business outside of that state, the license not to interfere, however, with stock of the corporation, and that it ing to monopolize any branch of business or the production of any article of merchandise, would compel the dissolution of existing monopolies and prevent the creation of new ones .- National Watchman.

> A Marvel of Economy. economy.-Illinois State Register.

THE PRICE OF SILVER.

metallism Would Provide a More Permanent Relief.

The opening of China, it is claimed in financial circles, will advance the price of silver. While there may be something in that, nothing would so quickly advance the price and keep it at a fair price as the return of the United States to the money of the constitution, silver and gold, at the old established ratio. Of course, as long as this country provides all Europe with cheap silver there is no prospect either for a marked advance in the price or a steady market. The market quotations for bar silver are now less than one-half of what the silver price would be were this country to return to bimetailism. The silver purchased here for European account metal and sell it at bargain-counter prices to Europe, where through the inexpensive process of coining it at once is more than doubled in value. The money used in everyday trans-

actions in England, France and Germany is silver coin. That silver the American people produce and sell to them, the finest quality, for less than half the amount their coined and marks-represents. By returning to the money of the constitution the price of silver would at once advance from 60 cents per ounce to \$1.29. That is what the producer of silver in many would not cease to purchase silver of us, but they would be forced to pay the full price and the difference of 69 cents on each ounce, the differtrust illustrates several phases of this ence between the present price and the then ruling one, would be transferred from the pocket of the European to that of the American producer. But the party in power here is satisfied to provide all Europe with consumption and thus decrease the de- cheap silver at the expense of the mand for labor; it shows how a monop- American miner. The opening of China will bring no lasting relief. If we ever expect to obtain a permanent, the burden of maintaining prices (in fair price for the white metal we this case 12 factories were shut down must go to work and establish the price ourselves by a return to a basis ment); it shows how even the stock- of bimetallism at the old established holders may be victimized if the man- ratio. Then the producer instead of ager desires to speculate in stock; and | the consumer will reap the benefit .-

THE BUSINESS MAN.

a Trust-Controlled Market-

A Dangerous Situation. Fluctuations in prices are not likeà by business men. Of course, occasionally they turn to the merchant's advantage, as for instance when the trusts increased the selling price of their products all the way from 100 to 200 per cent, and the retailer had a good stock on hand. All such come in for a share of the profits, and were willing to believe the trusts a good thing. Since then, however, conditions have changed. After the industrial combines had advanced the sell- gan to disaping price of their products to the very top notch permissible under the Dingley tariff, they soon perceived a marked decrease in sales, because the earning power of the people had not kept step with the advance in prices. Gradually trust prices began to

show a falling tendency. It was then that the merchant who had laid in a large stock at top prices began to find out how the trust could hurt him. The trust had taken his money when prices were at the highest point and had then decreased them until no profit was left to the dealer.

A trust-controlled market neces sarily is fraught with danger to the average business man, who never knows from one day to another how he stands, inasmuch as the combine can advance or decrease selling prices at pleasure.-Denver Post.

Trouble in Wall Street. Most of the commission houses and speculators in Paradise alley have now lost all they have made in the rise in the past two years, and begin to see there is no stability in goldprices on the gold basis. They begin to see what Gen. Warner has so often stated, that when business is at flood tide the fact is realized there is not money enough in the shape of cash legal tenders for business and speculation. After the election of McKinley in '96 we had the severest depression Wall street has ever known, which continued nearly six months, and until it was seen that there were short crops abroad. During my 30 vears in Wall street I have never seen such long faces and so much gloom as there was in Wall street at the time. Meeting Mr. Keene one spring morning in '97 he remarked: "What a condition of affairs! It is sheer and stark stag-

Turkish Time System A recent visitor to Constantinople reports one custom of the Turks which causes a vast deal of trouble and confusion. This is the Turkish system of reckoning time. A Turk holds that the day begins exactly at sunset; at that time he sets his clocks and watches at the hour of 12. As the sun has the same habits in presiding over Turkey that he exercises with regard to other localities, it may easily be seen that this system of reckoning time necessitates setting regulations imposed by other states. the clocks every day. It appears that Such a license, granted only upon evi- a watch which could run for weeks dence that there is no water in the without gaining or losing a minute would be of no special value to Turk .- N. Y. Sun.

> Terribly Revengeful. Carrie-I think Tom is the most re vengeful person I ever met. Bertha-What has Tom been doing

"Oh, it isn't that he has been doing anything; but the horrid thing he A billion dollar congress was regard- said about Willy Webber! He said he ed as a wonder a few years ago. Now it | wished he was a dentist, and had would be looked upon as a marvel of Willy to operate on. Isn't he terrible!"-Boston Transcript

TAKING THE CENSUS

An Enumerator Meets with Oue Woman Who Didn't Withhold Any of the Details.

"Oh, yes, I know you are the census man Warm day, take a seat. I've gotten all the facts for you. My husband, John Moore, is 40; I am 32; we have seven children; they

are all well now."
"But—" put in the census man, relates
the Pittsburgh Chronicle.

the Pittsburgh Chronicle.

"Yes, yes; you needn't ask me any questions. I'm teiling you fast as I can. Tommy, our oldest boy, had the measles when he was three. He first began to walk when he was eight months old and the day after he was ten months old he could walk clear around the room without holding on to anything. He fell down the stairs when he was four years three months and thirteen days old, but it didn't hurt him any, and he liked ice cream from the first time he ever tasted it. I can't get him to eat gravy, but he had his I can't get him to eat gravy, but he had his arst piece of steak when he was 15 months old. Johnnie, the next to the oldest—"

"Madam, stop, stop," cried the enumera-tor, "answer my questions. I don't want to know any more about your children." And then the woman got angry and the census taker also lost his temper and left.

Pretense as to Contents. "Jedge," said Mr. Zeke Darkleigh, "I wants to hab dishyere Gabe Snowflake arrested. He done sol' me er kaig er beer, en day ain't nuffin in the kaig but rain-"All right," replied the judge, "you want to swear out a warrant charging him with obtaining money under false pretenses." "No, suh. I want dat niggah sent up fo

'tainin' meney undeh false contentses. Dat's what, jedge."-Baltimore American It is one of the mysteries that a man who has given his heart unreservedly to a woman, still has the heart to refuse her a new

hat .- Detroit Journal. Do Your Feet Ache and Burnt Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes Feel Easy. Cures Corns, Itching, Swollen, Hot, Callous, Smarting, Sore and Sweating Feet. All Druggists and Shoe Stores sell , 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

"What kind of a house did you succeed in getting, Howard?" "Oh, it's the kind of a house which has windows that won't stay open and doors that won't stay shut.'
-Indianapolis Journal.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is a Constitutional Cure. Price, 75c.

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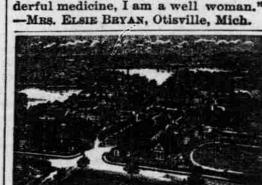
OVARIAN TROUBLES.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cures Them -Two Letters from Women. "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:-I write to tell you of the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done

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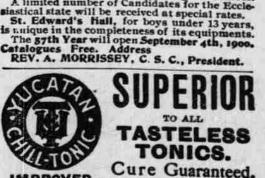
much surprised to better."-MRS. MARY SMITH, Arlington

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:-I was sick for two years with falling of the womb, and inflammation of the ovaries and bladder. I was bloated very badly. My left limb would swell so I could not step on my foot. I had such bearing down pains I could not straighten up or walk across the room and such shooting pains would go through me that I thought I could not stand it. My mother got me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and told me to try it. I took six bottles and now, thanks to your won-



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